- (b) any co-conspirators; and (c) any governmental entities who purchased such drugs during the Class Period.
 - 596. The Class Period is January 1, 1991 to the present.
- 597. The Class consists of numerous individuals and entities throughout the United States, making individual joinder impractical, in satisfaction of Rule 23(a) (1). The disposition of the claims of the Class Members in a single class action will provide substantial benefits to all parties and to the Court.
- 598. The claims of the representative Plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the Class, as required by Rule 23(a) (3), in that the representative Plaintiffs include people and entities who, like all Class Members, purchased the AWPIDs at inflated prices based on AWPs. Such representative Plaintiffs, like all Class Members, have been damaged by Defendants' misconduct because, among other things, they paid prices for these drugs that were higher than they would have been but for Defendants' improper actions and have had medical providers make pharmacy decisions based on economic factors as opposed to purely medical factors.
 - 599. The Class representatives for the Classes are all of the plaintiffs.
- 600. The factual and legal bases of each Defendant's misconduct are common to the Class Members and represent a common thread of fraud and other misconduct resulting in injury to Plaintiffs and members of the Class.
- 601. There are many questions of law and fact common to Plaintiffs and the Class, and those questions predominate over any questions that may affect individual Class Members, within the meaning of and fulfilling Rules 23(a) (2) and 23(b) (3). Common questions of law and fact include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. Whether Defendants engaged in a fraudulent and/or deceptive scheme of improperly inflating the AWPs for the Drugs identified in Appendix A used by Plaintiffs and Class Members as the basis for reimbursement;

- b. Whether Defendants artificially inflated the AWPs for these drugs;
- c. Whether it was the policy and practice of Defendants to prepare marketing and sales materials that contained comparisons of the published AWPs and the spreads available;
- d. Whether Defendants provided free samples of the AWPIDs to providers,
 and whether Defendants instructed them to bill Plaintiffs and the Class for those free samples;
- e. Whether Defendants' provision of free samples to providers, with the intent that the providers bill Plaintiffs and the Class for the free samples, was unlawful;
- f. Whether Defendants paid financial inducements to providers and other intermediaries, with the effect of lowering their costs for AWPIDs;
- g. Whether Defendants engaged in a pattern and practice of paying illegal kickbacks, disguised as free goods, rebates, consulting fees, junkets and education grants to providers and other intermediaries;
- h. Whether AWPs are used as a benchmark for negotiating payments by Third-Party Payors for the AWPIDs;
- i. Whether Defendants engaged in a pattern and practice that caused
 Plaintiffs and Class Members to make inflated payments for the AWPIDs;
- j. Whether Defendants engaged in a pattern of deceptive and/or fraudulent activity intended to defraud Plaintiffs and the Class members:
- k. Whether Defendants formed enterprises for the purpose of carrying out the AWP Scheme;
- l. Whether Defendants used the U.S. mails and interstate wire facilities to carry out the AWP Scheme;
 - m. Whether Defendants' conduct violated RICO:
- n. Whether Defendants are liable to Plaintiffs and the Class members for damages for conduct actionable under the various state consumer protection statutes.

- 602. Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class, as required by Rule 23(a)(4). Plaintiffs have retained counsel with substantial experience in prosecuting nationwide consumer class actions. Plaintiffs and their counsel are committed to vigorously prosecuting this action on behalf of the Class, and have the financial resources to do so. Neither Plaintiffs nor their counsel have any interest adverse to those of the Class.
- 603. Plaintiffs and members of the Class have all suffered, and will continue to suffer, harm and damages as a result of Defendants' unlawful and wrongful conduct. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy under Rule 23(b)(3). Absent a class action, most members of the Class likely would find the cost of litigating their claims to be prohibitive, and will have no effective remedy at law. The class treatment of common questions of law and fact is also superior to multiple individual actions or piecemeal litigation in that it conserves the resources of the Courts and the litigants, and promotes consistency and efficiency of adjudication. Additionally, Defendants have acted and failed to act on grounds generally applicable to Plaintiffs and the Class and require Court imposition of uniform relief to ensure compatible standards of conduct toward the Class, thereby making appropriate equitable relief to the Class as a whole within the meaning of Rules 23(b)(1) and (b)(2).

IX. CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS FOR THE TOGETHER CARD SCHEME

604. Plaintiffs bring this action pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on behalf of themselves and two classes ("the Classes"):

The Nationwide End Payor Together Card Class:

All person or entities in the United States and its territories who paid any portion of the purchase price for, or who reimbursed any portion of the purchase price of, a drug covered by the Together Rx Program on the basis, in whole or in part, on the published average wholesale price during the time period January 1, 2002 up to and including the present.

605. In the event the Court rules that plaintiffs do not have standing under the antitrust laws, an alternate class to that set forth above is:

The Indirect Purchaser States End Payor Together Card Class:

All persons or entities in the indirect purchaser states who paid any portion of the purchase price for, or who reimbursed any portion of the purchase price of, a drug covered by the Together Rx Program on the basis, in whole or in part, on the published average wholesale price during the time period January 1, 2002 up to and including the present.

Excluded from the Classes are (a) each Defendant and any entity in which any Defendant has a controlling interest, and their legal representatives, officers, directors, assignees and successors; (b) any co-conspirators; and (c) any governmental entities who purchased such drugs during the Class Period.

- 606. The Class representatives for the Nationwide End Payor Together Card Class are all of the plaintiffs, excluding the association plaintiffs.
- 607. The Class representatives for the Indirect Purchaser States End Payor Together Card Class are all plaintiffs, excluding the association plaintiffs.
- 608. Each of the Class Representatives purchased the Together Card Drugs identified herein.
 - 609. The Class Period is January 1, 2002 to the present.
- 610. The Classes consist of numerous individuals and entities throughout the United States, making individual joinder impractical, in satisfaction of Rule 23(a)(1). The disposition of the claims of the Class Members in a single class action will provide substantial benefits to all parties and to the Court.
- 611. The claims of the representative Plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the Classes, as required by Rule 23(a)(3), in that the representative Plaintiffs include people and entities who, like all Class Members, purchased the Together Card Drugs in, our outside of, the Together Card Program. Such representative Plaintiffs, like all Class Members, have been damaged by

Defendants' misconduct because, among other things, they paid prices for the Together Card Drugs that were higher than they would have been but for Defendants' improper actions.

- 612. The factual and legal bases of each Defendant's misconduct are common to the Class Members and represent a common thread of conspiracy and other misconduct resulting in injury to Plaintiffs and member of the Classes.
- 613. There are many questions of law and fact common to Plaintiffs and the Classes, and those questions predominate over any questions that may affect individual Class Members, within the meaning of and fulfilling Rules 23(a)(2) and 23(b)(3). Common questions of law and fact include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) Whether Defendants engaged in a combination or conspiracy to raise, fix,
 stabilize and maintain the AWP spreads for the Together Card Drugs;
 - (b) The duration and extent of the combination or conspiracy alleged herein;
- (c) Whether Defendants, and each of them, was a participant in the combination or conspiracy alleged herein;
- (d) Whether the alleged combination and conspiracy violated Section 1 of the Sherman Act;
- (e) Whether the alleged combination and conspiracy violated the antitrust statutes of the Indirect Purchaser States;
- (f) Whether the Together Card Defendants engaged in a pattern and practice that caused Plaintiffs and Together Card Class Members to make inflated payments for the Together Card Drugs;
- (g) Whether the Together Card Defendants formed an enterprise for the purpose of carrying out their conspiracy and agreement;
- (h) Whether the Together Card Defendants used the U.S. mails and interstate wire facilities to carry out their conspiracy and agreement; and

- (i) Whether the Together Card Defendants' conduct violated RICO; and
- (j) Whether Defendants engaged in a pattern and practice that caused Plaintiffs and Class Members to make inflated payments for the Together Card Drugs.
- 614. Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Classes, as required by Rule 23(a)(4). Plaintiffs have retained counsel with substantial experience in prosecuting nationwide consumer class actions. Plaintiffs and their counsel are committed to vigorously prosecuting this action on behalf of the Classes, and have the financial resources to do so. Neither Plaintiffs nor their counsel have any interest adverse to those of the Classes.
- 615. Plaintiffs and members of the Classes have all suffered, and will continue to suffer, harm and damages as a result of Defendants' unlawful and wrongful conduct. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy under Rule 23(b)(3). Absent a class action, most members of the Classes likely would find the cost of litigating their claims to be prohibitive, and will have no effective remedy at law. The class treatment of common questions of law and fact is also superior to multiple individual actions or piecemeal litigation in that it conserves the resources of the Courts and the litigants, and promotes consistency and efficiency of adjudication.
- Class have both suffered antitrust injury within the meaning of federal antitrust laws and have standing to sue for damages under Section 1 of the Sherman Act and Section IV of the Clayton Act. The Together Card Class Representatives and the National Together Card Enrollee Class are persons who have suffered injury to business or property by reason of a violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Act. Similarly, the End Payor Class Representatives and the Nationwide End Payor Together Card Class are persons who have suffered injury to business or property by reason of a violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Act. Members of each of the Nationwide

Classes are consumers or business entities that have standing to seek a Section IV Clayton Act remedy reflecting the increase in the purchase price or reimbursement rate for applicable drugs that is attributable to the price fixing conspiracy of the Defendants.

- 617. Members of the two Nationwide Classes are the directly injured persons. The conspiracy alleged herein is a conspiracy to effectuate over-reimbursement or end payor purchase cost in relation to actual transaction cost through intermediaries in the drug distribution channels. The conspiracy alleged here is *not* that initial actual prices to those in the distribution chain but passed on and eventually imposed upon consumers and other end payors; the opposite is alleged here. Here, the conspiracy alleged is that the end payor reimbursement for purchase price benchmark was secretly and unlawfully inflated, thereby enabling over reimbursement and over payments to all of those in the distribution chain, including retail pharmacies, mail order companies, PBMs and manufacturers. None of those in the distribution chain actually pay the cost imposed by the reimbursement fix alleged herein. The first and only party to bear this cost are the end payors, be they uninsured consumers, health plans or insurance companies.
- 618. This case poses no likelihood of duplicative recovery. The conspiracy alleged does not even theoretically present potential damage to intermediaries in the retail or mail order drug distribution channels. Instead, only one level of injured persons is alleged here the end payors for applicable drugs whose purchases were made, in whole or in part, on the basis of the published average wholesale price for the applicable drugs.

COUNT I''

VIOLATIONS OF 18 U.S.C. § 1962(C)

(AGAINST DEFENDANT DRUG MANUFACTURERS IDENTIFIED HEREIN FOR UNLAWFUL CONDUCT ASSOCIATED WITH MEDICARE PART B COVERED DRUGS)

- 619. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, reallege and incorporate herein by reference each of the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Amended Complaint.
- 620. This Count, which alleges violations of Section 1962(c) of RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c), is asserted against the Defendant Drug Manufacturers on behalf of the AWP Payor class.
- 621. Plaintiffs, the members of Classes, and the Defendant Drug Manufacturers are each "persons," as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. § 1961(3).
- publish the AWPs, both in printed and electronic media, for various dosages of drugs are each "persons," as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. § 1961(3): (a) **Thomson Medical Economics** ("Thomson Medical") is a division of Thomson Corporation, a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business located at One Station Place, Stamford, Connecticut, and it is the publisher of the *Drug Topics Red Book* (the "Red Book"); (b) **First DataBank, Inc.**, ("First DataBank") a Missouri corporation, with its principal place of business at 1111 Bayhill Drive, San Bruno, California, and it is the publisher of drug pricing information including, but not limited to, American Druggist First Databank Annual Directory of Pharmaceuticals and Essential Directory of Pharmaceuticals, commonly referred to as the Blue Book; (c) and Facts & Comparisons, Inc., ("Facts & Comparisons") a division of Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Inc.,

¹¹ This Amended Complaint does not contain certain material struck or dismissed by the Court in its May 13, 2003 Memorandum and Order. For instance, many association plaintiffs and several RICO counts that were included in the MCC have not been included in this amended complaint in order to reduce the volume of an already lengthy pleading. However, plaintiffs incorporate by this reference, into this Complaint, material struck or dismissed by the Court in order to, if necessary, preserve appellate rights. Plaintiffs acknowledge that these allegations would be dismissed if reasserted.

- a Pennsylvania corporation which acquired all drug information reference products formerly published by Medi-Span, Inc. and which currently makes available drug pricing information, including, but not limited to, the Medi-Span *Master Drug Data Base*. These entities are sometimes collectively referred to herein as "the Publishers."
- 623. At all relevant times, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c), the Defendant Drug Manufacturers conducted the affairs of certain association-in-fact enterprises identified herein, the affairs of which affected interstate commerce through a pattern of racketeering activity.

The Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises

For purposes of this claim, certain RICO "enterprises" are associations-in-fact consisting of (a) one of the Publishers that reported AWPs for AWPIDs, and (b) a Defendant Drug Manufacturer, including its directors, employees and agents. These associations-in-fact are sometimes collectively referred to herein as the "Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises." Each of the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating pharmaceutical price information, which all too often includes disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to Plaintiffs and Class members, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the enterprises had a common purpose of perpetuating use of AWPs as a benchmark for reimbursement in the pharmaceutical industry, generally, and specifically for the drugs of that defendant. The manufacturing defendants have this as a purpose because without the AWP scheme, they would not be able to push the spread. The publishers agree to this scheme, because if they did not, the manufacturers could easily revert to the other methods of publishing prices or the publishers would have to independently investigate the AWP at significant expense. The Publishers also have an economic incentive to merely report the AWPs provided to them by the manufacturers, because to do otherwise would require the

Publishers to spend money to extensively survey actual sales prices in the market. By simply republishing what is submitted to them by the drug manufacturers, the Publishers save on expenses and consequently reap greater profits. Thus, each of the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a common purpose of perpetuating the use of AWPs as a benchmark for reimbursement in the pharmaceutical industry.

- there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between the Defendant Drug Manufacturer and the specific Publisher that are its associates. As to each of the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which the Defendant Drug Manufacturer and the specific Publisher share information on a regular basis. Typically this communication occurs by use of the wires and mails in which a manufacturer will instruct a publisher to list a certain AWP. As to each of the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, the Defendant Drug Manufacturer and the specific Publisher functioned as a continuing unit. At all relevant times, each of the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated by the specific Defendant Drug Manufacturer for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.
- Orug Manufacturers' AWP Scheme, was a knowing and willing participant in that scheme, and reaped profits from that scheme. Each of the publishing manufacturers is aware that the published AWPs are inflated. This awareness comes from the following sources: First, at some point prior to 1992 the publishers in many instances obtained AWPs themselves by survey. From their surveys of those in the distribution chain, they were and are aware that the reported AWPs were not accurate. Second, as various congressional bodies and government agencies reported on AWP inflation, the Publishers did not change or challenge the self-reported AWPs, but continued blindly accepting the requested AWPs. Third, when the State of Texas began

prosecuting Dey for its AWP practices, and when other states began focusing on Dey, the Publishers stopped accepting Dey's reported AWPs and published a different, far lower AWP. They withdraw from the Dey enterprise due to fear that they would be sued if they continued to publish Dey's false AWPs. This prompted a lawsuit by Dey alleging that the Publishers were treating Dey differently than they were treating all other manufacturers. In other words, Dey was complaining of the others being allowed to continue the scheme while it could not.

- 627. The foregoing evidences the Publishers willing participation in the enterprise; their common purpose in the AWP scheme; and their agreement to a structure wherein the manufacturers made decisions as to what AWPs would be reported. This structure was the basis in which each of the enterprises was structured and its affairs conducted. The only exception occurred when the Publishers, fearing litigation, refused to accept Dey's instructions. The Publishers were willing participants in the scheme because if the truth were revealed the entire AWP reporting system would collapse.
- 628. For purposes of this count, the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are identified as follows:
 - Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Abbott, and Abbott, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Abbott-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Abbott-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Abbott-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Abbott Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class

members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Abbott Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Abbott and Thomson Medical, Abbott and First DataBank, and Abbott and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Abbott Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Abbott and Thomson Medical, Abbott and First Data Bank, and Abbott and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Abbott-Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Abbott and Thomson Medical, Abbott and First Data Bank, and Abbott and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Abbott Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Abbott for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Amgen, and Amgen, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Amgen-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Amgen-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Amgen-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Amgen Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Amgen

Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Amgen and Thomson Medical, Abbott and First DataBank, and Abbott and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Amgen Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Amgen and Thomson Medical, Amgen and First Data Bank, and Amgen and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Amgen-Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Amgen and Thomson Medical, Amgen and First Data Bank, and Amgen and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Amgen Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Amgen for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by AstraZeneca, and AstraZeneca, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the AstraZeneca -Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the AstraZeneca -First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the AstraZeneca -Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the AstraZeneca Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the AstraZeneca Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing

coordination of activities between AstraZeneca and Thomson Medical, AstraZeneca and First DataBank, and AstraZeneca and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these AstraZeneca Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which AstraZeneca and Thomson Medical, AstraZeneca and First Data Bank, and AstraZeneca and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these AstraZeneca -Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, AstraZeneca and Thomson Medical, AstraZeneca and First Data Bank, and AstraZeneca and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the AstraZeneca Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by AstraZeneca for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(d) The Aventis Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprise: The Aventis
Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact
consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided
to them by Aventis Group, and Aventis Group, including its directors, employees and
agents: (1) the Aventis Group -Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Aventis Group-First
DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Aventis Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each
of the Aventis Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing
business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have
been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise
disserminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering
AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs
and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from
these activities. Each of the Aventis Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a
systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing
coordination of activities between Aventis Group and Thomson Medical, Aventis Group

and First DataBank, and Aventis Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Aventis Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Aventis Group and Thomson Medical, Aventis Group and First Data Bank, and Aventis Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Aventis Group-Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Aventis Group and Thomson Medical, Aventis Group and First Data Bank, and Aventis Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Aventis Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Aventis Group for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(e) The Baxter Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Baxter Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Baxter, and Baxter, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Baxter-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Baxter-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Baxter Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Baxter Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class 1 members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class 1 members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Baxter Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Baxter and Thomson Medical, Baxter and First DataBank, and Baxter and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Baxter Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common

communication network by which Baxter and Thomson Medical, Baxter and First Data Bank, and Baxter and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Baxter-Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Baxter and Thomson Medical, Baxter and First Data Bank, and Baxter and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Baxter Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Baxter for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(f) The Bayer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Bayer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Bayer, and Bayer, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Bayer-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Bayer-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Bayer-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Bayer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Bayer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Bayer and Thomson Medical, Bayer and First DataBank, and Bayer and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Bayer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Bayer and Thomson Medical, Bayer and First Data Bank, and Bayer and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Bayer

Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Bayer and Thomson Medical, Bayer and First Data Bank, and Bayer and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Bayer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Bayer for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(g) The Boehringer Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Boehringer Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-infact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Boehringer Group, and Boehringer Group, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Boehringer Group-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Boehringer Group-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Boehringer Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Boehringer Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Boehringer Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Boehringer Group and Thomson Medical, Boehringer Group and First DataBank, and Boehringer Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Boehringer Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Boehringer Group and Thomson Medical, Boehringer Group and First Data Bank, and Boehringer Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Boehringer Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Boehringer

Group and Thomson Medical, Boehringer Group and First Data Bank, and Boehringer Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Boehringer Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Boehringer Group for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(h) The Braun Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Braun Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Braun, and Braun, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Braun-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Braun-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Braun-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Braun Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Braun Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Braun and Thomson Medical, Braun and First DataBank, and Braun and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Braun Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Braun and Thomson Medical, Braun and First Data Bank, and Braun and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Braun Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Braun and Thomson Medical, Braun and First Data Bank, and Braun and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units.

At all relevant times, each of the Braun Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Braun for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(i) The BMS Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The BMS Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by BMS Group, and BMS Group, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the BMS Group-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the BMS Group-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the BMS Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the BMS Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the BMS Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between BMS Group and Thomson Medical, BMS Group and First DataBank, and BMS Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these BMS Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which BMS Group and Thomson Medical, BMS Group and First Data Bank, and BMS Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these BMS Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, BMS Group and Thomson Medical, BMS Group and First Data Bank, and BMS Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the BMS

Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by BMS Group for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

The Dey Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Dey Manufacturer-**(i)** Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Dey, and Dey, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Dey-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Dey-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Dey-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Dey Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Dey Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Dey and Thomson Medical, Dey and First DataBank, and Dey and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Dey Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Dey and Thomson Medical, Dey and First Data Bank, and Dey and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Dey Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Dey and Thomson Medical, Dey and First Data Bank, and Dey and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Dey Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Dey for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

The Fujisawa Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Fujisawa (k) Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Fujisawa Group, and Fujisawa Group, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Fujisawa Group-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Fujisawa Group-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Fujisawa Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Fujisawa Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Fujisawa Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Fujisawa Group and Thomson Medical, Fujisawa Group and First DataBank, and Fujisawa Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Fujisawa Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises. there is a common communication network by which Fujisawa Group and Thomson Medical, Fujisawa Group and First Data Bank, and Fujisawa Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Fujisawa Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Fujisawa Group and Thomson Medical, Fujisawa Group and First Data Bank, and Fujisawa Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Fujisawa Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Dey for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(l) The GSK Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The GSK Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by GSK Group, and GSK Group, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the GSK Group-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the GSK Group-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the GSK Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the GSK Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the GSK Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between GSK Group and Thomson Medical, GSK Group and First DataBank, and GSK Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these GSK Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which GSK Group and Thomson Medical, GSK Group and First Data Bank, and GSK Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these GSK Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, GSK Group and Thomson Medical, GSK Group and First Data Bank, and GSK Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the GSK Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by GSK Group for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme,

(m)The Hoffman-La Roche Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Hoffman-La Roche Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Hoffman-La Roche, and Hoffman-La Roche, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Hoffman-La Roche-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Hoffman-La Roche-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Hoffman-La Roche-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Hoffman-La Roche Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Hoffman-La Roche Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Hoffman-La Roche and Thomson Medical, Hoffman-La Roche and First DataBank, and Hoffman-La Roche and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Hoffman-La Roche Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Hoffman-La Roche and Thomson Medical, Hoffman-La Roche and First Data Bank, and Hoffman-La Roche and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Hoffman-La Roche Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Hoffman-La Roche and Thomson Medical, Hoffman-La Roche and First Data Bank, and Hoffman-La Roche and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Hoffman-La Roche

Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Hoffman-La Roche for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(n) The Immunex Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Immunex Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Immunex, and Immunex, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Immunex-La Roche-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Immunex-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Immunex-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Immunex Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Immunex Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Immunex and Thomson Medical, Immunex and First DataBank, and Immunex and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Immunex Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Immunex and Thomson Medical, Immunex and First Data Bank, and Immunex and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Immunex Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Immunex and Thomson Medical, Immunex and First Data Bank, and Immunex and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Immunex Manufacturer-Publisher

Enterprises was operated and conducted by Immunex for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(0)The Johnson & Johnson Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprise: The Johnson & Johnson Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Johnson & Johnson Group, and Johnson & Johnson Group, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Johnson & Johnson Group-La Roche-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Johnson & Johnson Group-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Johnson & Johnson Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Johnson & Johnson Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Johnson & Johnson Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Johnson & Johnson Group and Thomson Medical, Johnson & Johnson Group and First DataBank, and Johnson & Johnson Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Johnson & Johnson Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Johnson & Johnson Group and Thomson Medical, Johnson & Johnson Group and First Data Bank, and Johnson & Johnson Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Johnson & Johnson Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Johnson & Johnson Group and Thomson Medical,

Johnson & Johnson Group and First Data Bank, and Johnson & Johnson Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Johnson & Johnson Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Johnson & Johnson Group for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(p) The Pfizer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Pfizer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Pfizer, and Pfizer, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Pfizer-La Roche-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Pfizer-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Pfizer-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Pfizer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Pfizer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Pfizer and Thomson Medical, Pfizer and First DataBank, and Pfizer and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Pfizer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Pfizer and Thomson Medical, Pfizer and First Data Bank, and Pfizer and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Pfizer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Pfizer and Thomson Medical, Pfizer and First Data Bank, and Pfizer and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Pfizer Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Pfizer for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(q) The Pharmacia Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Pharmacia Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-infact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Pharmacia Group, and Pharmacia Group, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Pharmacia Group-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Pharmacia Group-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Pharmacia Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Pharmacia Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Pharmacia Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Pharmacia Group and Thomson Medical, Pharmacia Group and First DataBank, and Pharmacia Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Pharmacia Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Pharmacia Group and Thomson Medical, Pharmacia Group and First Data Bank, and Pharmacia Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Pharmacia Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Pharmacia Group and Thomson Medical, Pharmacia Group and First Data Bank, and Pharmacia Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Pharmacia Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Pharmacia Group for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(r) The Schering-Plough Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Schering-Plough Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Schering-Plough Group, and Schering-Plough Group, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Schering-Plough Group-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Schering-Plough Group-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Schering-Plough Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Schering-Plough Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Schering-Plough Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Schering-Plough Group and Thomson Medical, Schering-Plough Group and First DataBank, and Schering-Plough Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Schering-Plough Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Schering-Plough Group and Thomson Medical, Schering-Plough Group and First Data Bank, and Schering-Plough Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis.

As to each of these Schering-Plough Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises,
Schering-Plough Group and Thomson Medical, Schering-Plough Group and First Data
Bank, and Schering-Plough Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing
but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Schering-Plough Group
Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Schering-Plough
Group for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

The Sicor Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Sicor Group (s) Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Sicor Group, and Sicor Group, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Sicor Group-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Sicor Group-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Sicor Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Sicor Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Sicor Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Sicor Group and Thomson Medical, Sicor Group and First DataBank, and Sicor Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Sicor Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Sicor Group and Thomson Medical, Sicor Group and First Data Bank, and Sicor Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each

of these Sicor Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Sicor Group and Thomson Medical, Sicor Group and First Data Bank, and Sicor Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Sicor Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Sicor Group for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

The TAP Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The TAP Group (t) Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by The TAP Group, and The TAP Group, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the TAP Group-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the TAP Group-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the TAP Group-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the TAP Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the TAP Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between the TAP Group and Thomson Medical, the TAP Group and First DataBank, and the TAP Group and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these TAP Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which the TAP Group and Thomson Medical, the TAP Group and First Data Bank, and the TAP Group and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these TAP Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, the TAP Group and

Thomson Medical, the TAP Group and First Data Bank, and the TAP Group and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the TAP Group Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by the TAP Group for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(u) The Watson Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Watson Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Watson, and Watson, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Watson-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Watson-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Watson-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Watson Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Watson Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Watson and Thomson Medical, Watson and First DataBank, and Watson and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Watson Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Watson and Thomson Medical, Watson and First Data Bank, and Watson and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Watson Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Watson and Thomson Medical, Watson and First Data Bank, and Watson and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Watson

Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Watson for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

(v) The Warrick Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises: The Warrick Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises are three separate associations-in-fact consisting of each of the Publishers that reported the AWPID AWPs that were provided to them by Warrick, and Warrick, including its directors, employees and agents: (1) the Warrick-Thomson Medical Enterprise; (2) the Warrick-First DataBank Enterprise; and (3) the Warrick-Facts & Comparisons Enterprise. Each of the Warrick Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises is an ongoing and continuing business organization consisting of both corporations and individuals that are and have been associated for the common or shared purposes of (a) publishing or otherwise disseminating false and misleading AWPs, (b) selling, purchasing, and administering AWPIDs to individual Plaintiffs and Class members and to participants in those Plaintiffs and Class members that comprise health and welfare plans, and (c) deriving profits from these activities. Each of the Warrick Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises has a systemic linkage because there are contractual relationships, financial ties, and continuing coordination of activities between Warrick and Thomson Medical, Warrick and First DataBank, and Warrick and Facts & Comparisons. As to each of these Warrick Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, there is a common communication network by which Warrick and Thomson Medical, Warrick and First Data Bank, and Warrick and Facts & Comparisons share information on a regular basis. As to each of these Warrick Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises, Warrick and Thomson Medical, Warrick and First Data Bank, and Warrick and Facts & Comparisons functioned as continuing but separate units. At all relevant times, each of the Warrick Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises was operated and conducted by Warrick for criminal purposes, namely, carrying out the AWP Scheme.

The Defendant Drug Manufacturers' Use of the U.S. Mails and Interstate Wire Facilities

- 629. Each of the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises engaged in and affected interstate commerce because they engage in the following activities across state boundaries: The transmission and publication of false and misleading information concerning AWPs; the sale, purchase and/or administration of AWPIDs; and/or the transmission and/or receipt of sales and marketing literature; and/or the transmission and/or receipt of invoices, statements and payments related to the use or administration of AWPIDs.
- 630. During the Class Period, the Defendants Drug Manufacturers' illegal conduct and wrongful practices were carried out by an array of employees, working across state boundaries, who necessarily relied upon frequent transfers of documents and information, products and funds by the U.S. mails and interstate wire facilities.
- 631. The nature and pervasiveness of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers' AWP Scheme, which was orchestrated out of the corporate headquarters of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers, necessarily required those headquarters to communicate directly and frequently by the U.S. mails and by interstate wire facilities with the various local district managers overseeing the sales force(s), the numerous pharmaceutical sales representatives who, in turn, directly communicated with providers and employees who communicated with the Publishers.
- 632. Many of the precise dates of Defendant Drug Manufacturers' uses of the U.S. mails and interstate wire facilities (and corresponding RICO predicate acts of mail and wire fraud) have been hidden and cannot be alleged without access to these Defendants' books and records. Indeed, an essential part of the successful operation of the AWP Scheme alleged herein depended upon secrecy, and as alleged above, the Defendant Drug Manufacturers took deliberate steps to conceal their wrongdoing. However, Plaintiffs can generally describe the occasions on which the RICO predicate acts of mail fraud and wire fraud occurred, and how those acts were in furtherance of the AWP Scheme and do so below.

- 633. The Defendant Drug Manufacturers' use of the U.S. mails and interstate wire facilities to perpetrate the AWP Scheme involved thousands of communications throughout the Class Period including, *inter alia*:
 - (a) Marketing materials about the AWPs for AWPIDs and the available spread, which were sent by the Defendant Drug Manufacturers to health care providers located across the country;
 - (b) Written representations of the AWPs made by the Defendant Drug

 Manufacturers to the Publishers, which were made at least annually and in many cases
 several times during a single year;
 - (c) Documents providing information or incentives designed to lessen the prices that health care providers paid for AWPIDs and/or to conceal those prices or the AWP Scheme alleged here;
 - (d) Written communications, relating to rebates, kickbacks, or other financial inducements included, but not limited to, checks, as detailed herein;
 - (e) Written and oral communications directed to U.S. Government agencies and private insurers that fraudulently misrepresented what the AWPs were, or that were intended to deter investigations into the true nature of the AWPs or to forestall changes to reimbursement based on something other than AWPs;
 - (f) Written and oral communications with health insurers and patients, including Plaintiffs and members of the Class, inducing payments for the drugs that were made in reliance on AWPs; and
 - (g) Receipts of money sent on tens of thousands of occasions through the U.S. mails and interstate wire facilities the wrongful proceeds of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers' AWP Scheme.

(h) In addition to the above-referenced RICO predicate acts, it was foreseeable to the Defendant Drug Manufacturers that the Publishers would distribute their publications containing false AWPs through the U.S. mails and by interstate wire facilities. Further, the Defendant Drug Manufacturers' corporate headquarters have, in furtherance of the AWP Scheme, communicated through use of the U.S. mails and by interstate wire facilities with their various local headquarters or divisions. These uses of the U.S. mails include some of the documents referenced in this Amended Complaint.

Conduct of the RICO Enterprises' Affairs

- 634. During the Class Period, the Defendant Drug Manufacturers have exerted control over their Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises and, in violation of Section 1962(c) of RICO, the Defendant Drug Manufacturers have conducted or participated in the conduct of the affairs of those RICO enterprises, directly or indirectly, in the following ways:
 - (a) Each of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers has directly controlled the price for its AWPIDs;
 - (b) Each of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers has directly controlled the AWPs that are reported by the Publishers;
 - (c) Each of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers has directly controlled the creation and distribution of marketing, sales, and other materials used to inform health care providers nationwide of the profit potential of its AWPIDs;
 - (d) Each of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers has controlled and participated in the affairs of its Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises by using a fraudulent scheme to manufacture, market and sell its AWPIDs on the basis of AWPs that each of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers provides to the Publishers:

- (e) Each of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers intended that each of the Publishers would (and did) distribute their publications containing false AWPs through the U.S. mails and by interstate wire facilities; and
- (f) Each of the publishers has allowed these Defendants to exert control over their organizations knowing that the AWPs were inflated and were not real numbers.

 Each publisher did so because the reporting of AWPs was, and is, a major part of its business.
- 635. Each of the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises had a hierarchical decision-making structure headed by the respective Defendant Drug Manufacturer. The Defendant Drug Manufacturers issued instructions on how its AWPs were to be reported and each publisher accepted those instructions despite knowing of their falsity.
- 636. In violation of Section 1962(c) of RICO, each of the Defendant Drug

 Manufacturers have conducted the affairs of each of the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises with

 which they associated by reporting fraudulently inflated AWPs for AWPIDs that were then

 published by the Publishers and disseminated nationwide.

The Defendant Drug Manufacturers' Pattern of Racketeering Activity

637. Each of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers have conducted and participated in the affairs of their above-referenced Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises through a pattern of racketeering activity, including acts that are indictable under 18 U.S.C. § 1341, relating to mail fraud, and 18 U.S.C. § 1343, relating to wire fraud. The Defendant Drug Manufacturers' pattern of racketeering likely involved thousands, if not hundreds of thousands, of separate instances of use of the U.S. mails or interstate wire facilities in furtherance of their AWP Scheme. Each of these fraudulent mailings and interstate wire transmissions constitutes a "racketeering activity" within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1961(1)(B). Collectively, these violations constitute a "pattern of racketeering activity," within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1961(5), in which the

Defendant Drug Manufacturers intended to defraud Plaintiffs, members of the Classes and other intended victims of the AWP Scheme.

- 638. The Defendants Drug Manufacturers' fraudulent and unlawful AWP Scheme consisted, in part, of deliberately overstating the AWPs for their AWPIDs, thereby creating a "spread" based on the inflated figure in order to induce others to advocate and favor that Defendant Drug Manufacturer's AWPIDs. Further, others would bill their clients for the Defendant Drug Manufacturers' AWPIDs based on the inflated AWPs, which did not reflect the true price paid for the AWPIDs.
- 639. The AWP Scheme was calculated and intentionally crafted to ensure that Plaintiffs and members of the Classes would be over-billed for the drugs. In designing and implementing the AWP Scheme, at all times the Defendant Drug Manufacturers were cognizant of the fact that those in the distribution chain who are not part of the industry rely on the integrity of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers in setting the AWPs, as reported by the Publishers.
- 640. By intentionally and artificially inflating the AWPs, and by subsequently failing to disclose such practices to the individual patients, health plans and their insurers, the Defendant Drug Manufacturers engaged in a fraudulent and unlawful course of conduct constituting a pattern of racketeering activity.
- 641. The Defendant Drug Manufacturers' racketeering activities amounted to a common course of conduct, with similar pattern and purpose, intended to deceive Plaintiffs and members of the Classes. Each separate use of the U.S. mails and/or interstate wire facilities employed by the Defendant Drug Manufacturers was related, had similar intended purposes, involved similar participants and methods of execution, and had the same results affecting the same victims, including Plaintiffs and members of the Classes. Each of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers has engaged in the pattern of racketeering activity for the purpose of conducting the ongoing business affairs of its particular Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises.

The Defendant Drug Manufacturers' Motive

- 642. The Defendant Drug Manufacturers' motive in creating and operating the AWP Scheme and conducting the affairs of the Manufacturer-Publisher Enterprises described herein was to fraudulently obtain sales of and profits from their AWPIDs.
- 643. The AWP Scheme was designed to, and did, encourage others, including health care providers, to advocate the use of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers' AWPIDs. Thus, each of the Defendant Drug Manufacturers used the AWP Scheme to sell more of its drugs, thereby fraudulently gaining sales and market share and profits.

Damages Caused by the Defendant Drug Manufacturers' AWP Scheme

- 644. The Defendant Drug Manufacturers' violations of federal law and their pattern of racketeering activity have directly and proximately caused Plaintiffs and members of the Classes to be injured in their business or property because Plaintiffs and members of the Classes have paid many hundreds of millions of dollars in inflated reimbursements or other payments for AWPIDs.
- 645. The Defendant Drug Manufacturers sent billing statements through the U.S. mails or by interstate wire facilities and reported AWPs and other information by the same methods in furtherance of their AWP Scheme. Plaintiffs and members of the Classes have made inflated payments for AWPIDs based on and/or in reliance on reported and false AWPs.
- 646. Under the provisions of Section 1964(c) of RICO, the Defendant Drug Manufacturers are jointly and severally liable to Plaintiffs and members of the Classes for three times the damages that Plaintiffs and the Class members have sustained, plus the costs of bringing this suit, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

COUNT II

VIOLATIONS OF 18 U.S.C. § 1962(C)

(AGAINST DEFENDANT DRUG MANUFACTURERS IDENTIFIED HEREIN)

- 647. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, reallege and incorporate herein by reference each of the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Amended Complaint.
- 648. This Count, which alleges violations of Section 1962(c) of RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c), is asserted against the Defendant Drug Manufacturers identified below on behalf of AWP Classes by the AWP Class representatives.
- 649. Plaintiffs, the members of Classes, and the Defendant Drug Manufacturers are each "persons," as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. § 1961(3).
- "persons," as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. § 1961(3): (a) AdvancePCS ("Advance PCS"), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business located at 750 West John Carpenter Freeway, Suite 1200, Irving, Texas; Advance PCS is the largest PBM in the United States and currently serves more than 75 million health plan members; (b) Caremark, Rx, Inc. ("Caremark Rx"), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business located at 300 Galloria Tower, Suite 1000, Birmingham, Alabama; Caremark Rx is one of the largest pharmaceutical services companies in the United States with net revenues of approximately \$5.6 billion in 2001; (c) Express Scripts, Inc. ("Express Scripts"), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business located at 13900 Riverpoint Drive, Maryland Heights, Missouri; Express Scripts is the third largest PBM in North America; and (d) Medco Health Solutions, Inc. ("Medco Health"), a successor-in-interest to Merck-Medco Managed Care, L.L.C., is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business located at 100 Parsons Pond Road, Franklin Lakes, New Jersey; since its acquisition in 1993, Medco Health has been a wholly-owned subsidiary of Defendant Drug Manufacturer Merck.